

1 次の英文の()に入る適切な語句をア～エから1つ選び、それぞれ記号で答えなさい。

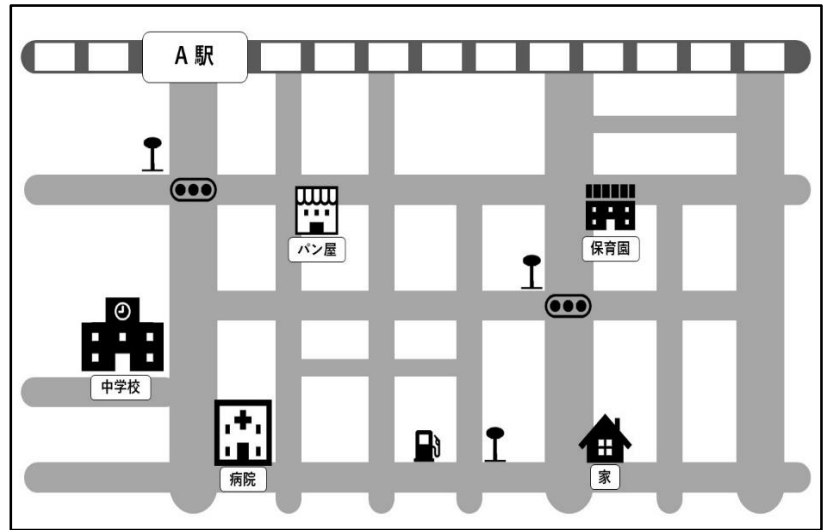
- (1) Mr. and Mrs. Smith () walking along the river now.
 ア is イ are ウ was エ were
- (2) A:() your sister () the English test?
 B: Yes, she did.
 ア Do / passed イ Does / pass ウ Did / passed エ Did / pass
- (3) The movie star () in Japan next month.
 ア arrive イ will arriving ウ will arrive エ is arrived
- (4) We hope () you again soon.
 ア to see イ seeing ウ for seeing エ see
- (5) The student finished () his homework just now.
 ア to do イ doing ウ did エ done
- (6) A:() notebooks do you have in your bag?
 B: I have seven.
 ア What イ What kinds of ウ How much エ How many
- (7) A:() borrow your eraser?
 B: Sure. Here you are.
 ア May I イ Can you ウ Shall I エ Must I
- (8) The man has lived in this house () fifty years.
 ア since イ between ウ for エ among
- (9) Japanese manga and anime are () in many countries.
 ア loves イ loving ウ loved エ lovers
- (10) My brother can run () than I.
 ア fast イ faster ウ fastest エ as fast as
- (11) A: What countries are you interested ()?
 B: Canada. I heard that English in Canada is easy to understand for Japanese.
 ア to イ in ウ at エ with
- (12) If you feel sick, you () join today's PE class.
 ア don't need イ need not to ウ don't have エ don't have to
- (13) A: What day is it today?
 B:().
 ア It's February 9th イ It's sunny ウ It's Thursday エ It's twelve o'clock
- (14) A: How do you () "arigato" in Spanish?
 B: "Gracias."
 ア say イ speak ウ tell エ talk
- (15) A:()?
 B: I can't find my cell-phone. Could you help me find it?
 ア How are you イ How about you ウ What's the date エ What's wrong

2 次の日本語に合うように、()の中の語句を並べかえなさい。ただし、文頭に来る語も小文字で示してあります。

- (1) 私たちは一度も外国に行ったことはありません。
 (been / we / to / any foreign countries / never / have)
- (2) 彼は若い時、速く走る事ができました。
 (to / fast / he / able / run / was) when he was young.
- (3) 彼女にとって、英語を話すことは簡単だ。
 It(easy / speak / her / is / to / for) English.

3 エリは家に遊びに来る友だちに、電話で家までの道案内をすることになりました。次の対話文を読んで、後の問いに答えなさい。

A: Hello. Where are you now?
 B: Hi, Eli. I've just arrived at the station. How can I get to your house from here?
 A: OK. First, can you see the traffic light?
 B: Yes, it's right in front of me.
 A: Then, turn (A) there and go straight four blocks. On the way, you can see a bakery shop on your (B). It's very famous around here and many children often buy bread there.
 B: I'll buy some for you, too. So what should I do next?
 A: Next, turn (C) at the nursery school and walk two blocks. Then turn (D) at the corner. You'll see my house on your (E).
 B: is it from the station to your house?
 A: It's about 400 meters, 5 minutes on foot.
 B: Thank you very much. See you later.



問1 空欄(A)~(E)には、left または right のどちらが入るか。それぞれ答えなさい。

問2 空欄 ・ に入る語句をア~ウから1つ選び、それぞれ記号で答えなさい。

- I ア I have no idea. イ That sounds good. ウ Take care of yourself.
 II ア When and where イ How high and what time ウ How far and long

問3 友だちが家に来る途中で通る場所を次から2つ選び、それぞれ記号で答えなさい。

- ア 中学校 イ 病院 ウ パン屋 エ 保育園

4 次の対話文・英文を読んで、それぞれの問いに数字で答えなさい。

(1) A: Excuse me. How much is the ticket for the bus tour of the national park?

B: Thirty dollars.

A: How about for a child?

B: Oh, it's half the price of the adult ticket.

A: OK. Two adults and three children, please.

問 Aさんは合計何ドル払うことになりますか。

(2) A: What time will the next class begin?

B: It will begin at two fifteen.

A: How long is the class?

B: It's a fifty-minute class.

問 授業は何時何分に終わりますか。

(3) A: Mike, I want to buy a magazine before we get on the train.

B: Lucy, our train leaves at ten o'clock. So we have only fifteen minutes before it leaves.

A: Don't worry. I'll come back soon.

B: OK. Don't be late.

問 今、何時何分ですか。

(4) There are three cards with numbers from one to three written on them. You make some patterns with the cards.

問 カードの並べ方は何通りありますか。

(5) I'm going to give oranges to some children. If I give each of them three oranges, there will be four left. If I give each of them four oranges, there will be short two oranges.

問 子どもは何人ですか。また、みかんは何個ですか。

5 次の対話文を読んで、後の問いに答えなさい。

A: I saw something interesting when I watched the 2020 Tokyo Olympic games on TV last summer.

B: What was it?

A: During the opening ceremony, we could see so many national flags.

B: Yeah, there were many flags from countries I know and don't know.

A: I think you know the major flags, such as the United States of America, the U.K, and China. But most of them are not well known to us. So, I checked these flags on the Internet and I found some similar things among them. First, look at these flags (Group 1).

B: Oh, I have seen them before, but I often mistake which is which.

A: I do that too. Look at them carefully. They have three stripe colors, but one is different from the others.

B: I see. What countries are they?

A: France and *Netherlands have the same colors, red, blue and white. The *vertical striped one is France. Blue is on the left and red is on the right. The *horizontal striped one is Netherlands. White is in the middle and red is at the top.

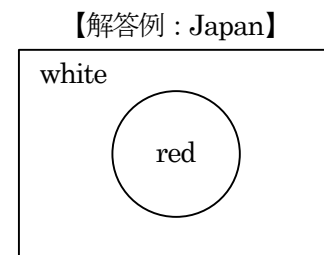
B: How about the last one?

A: It is almost similar to France, but the one with the green on the left side is Italy.

※ Netherlands オランダ vertical stripe 縦しま模様 horizontal stripe 横しま模様

問1 解答例に従って、それぞれの国旗の図と配色を書きなさい。

(Group 1)



A: How about these (Group 2)? These are ones which have a mark on them.

B: I can see that, but I don't know what countries they are.

A: The one with five stars at the top left of the flag is China.

B: It's very famous, I know that one.

A: But the one with five stars at the center of the flag is *Honduras.

B: Oh, they look very interesting.

A: There are two flags with a picture of a moon on the left side. But the difference is the number of stars.

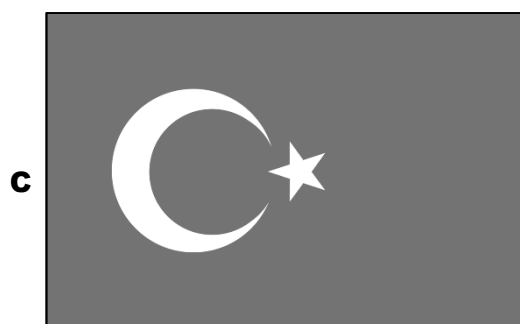
The one with a moon and a star is *Turkey and the one with a moon and five stars is Singapore.

B: It's very difficult to know which is which, but I think they each may have some special meanings.

※ Honduras ホンジュラス Turkey トルコ

問2 それぞれの国旗がどこの国のものであるか。本文中の英語で答えなさい。

(Group 2)



6 次の英文を読んで、下の図を参考にしながら、後の問いに答えなさい。

In many places the weather changes during the year. These changes are ①(call) seasons. Seasons are *caused by the movement of the Earth around the Sun and the *tilt of the Earth. ②The Earth goes around the Sun once every year, and its *relationship to the Sun changes. When the Earth is tilted toward the Sun, I comes. When the Earth is tilted away from the Sun, II comes.

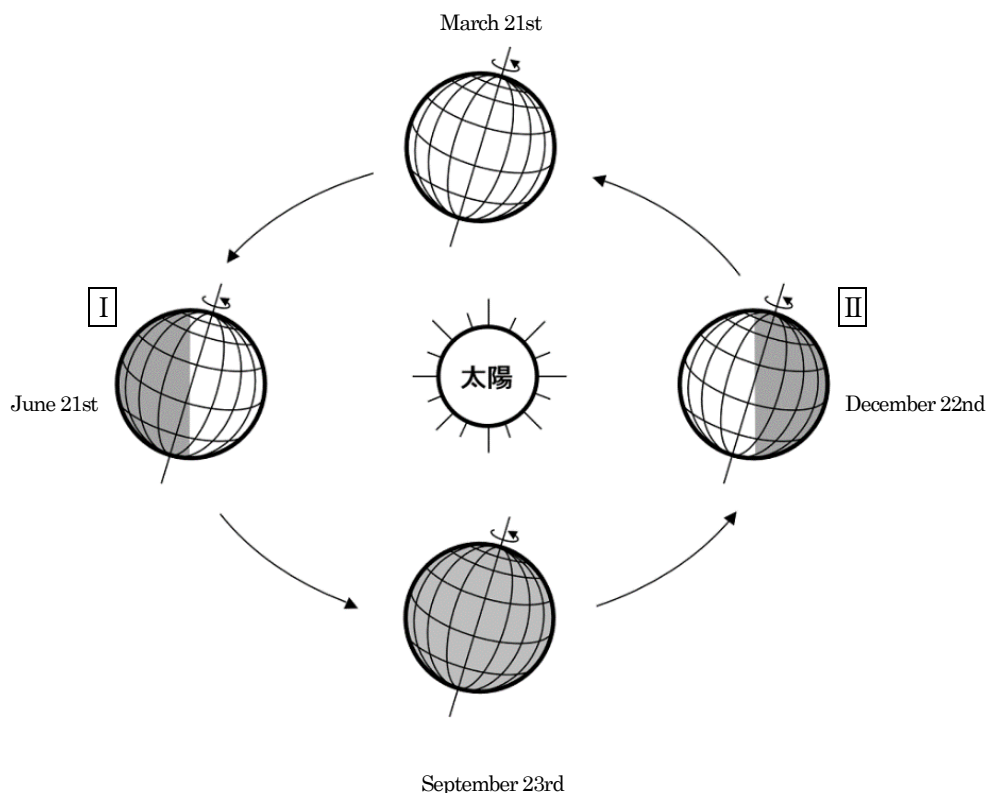
③Each season brings changes which are important for plants and animals. Now let's look at the ④calendar for 2022 and learn about each season in the *northern part of the Earth.

Day and night are the same *length on ⑤March 21st. The weather gets warmer. Plants start to *grow and many animals have their babies in spring. The ⑥(long) day of the year is ⑦June 21st. Fruit grows on trees and plants. Young animals grow stronger and ⑧(big). Day and night are the same length on ⑨September 23rd again. Leaves turn ⑩() or () and fall from trees. Some animals collect food before winter comes. The shortest day of the year is ⑪December 22nd. Plants and trees stop ⑫(grow). Some animals find places to *hide and sleep.

Seasons are very important for our daily lives, such as favorite foods, sports, hobbies and travel. ⑬Which season do you like the best? Where do you often go, or what do you like to do in that season? I think you have a good reason to like that season. Don't you think it is very fun to talk about your favorite season?

※ cause ~を引き起こす tilt 傾き・傾く relationship 関係 northern part of the Earth 北半球
length 長さ grow 育つ hide 隠れる

- 問1 下線部①・⑥・⑧・⑫の()の中の語を適切な形にそれぞれ直しなさい。
 問2 下線部②をほぼ同じ意味になるように書きかえた時、()に入る数字を答えなさい。
 The Earth goes around the Sun once every year,
 =It usually takes the Earth about () days to go around the Sun,
 問3 空欄I・IIに入る語を、文の前後から考えて、英語1語でそれぞれ答えなさい。
 問4 下線部③を和訳しなさい。
 問5 下線部④の語とアクセントの位置が同じである語をア～オから2つ選び、それぞれ記号で答えなさい。
 cal-en-dar (ア vol-un-teer イ char-ac-ter ウ In-ter-net エ mu-se-um オ mu-si-cian)
 問6 下線部⑤・⑦・⑨・⑪のそれぞれの日付は、日本では一般的に何と呼ばれているか。語群から選び、それぞれ答えなさい。
 【 節分 / 春分 / 梅雨 / 大暑 / 夏至 / 秋分 / 大雪 / 冬至 】
 問7 下線部⑩の空欄に入る色をア～オから2つ選び、それぞれ記号で答えなさい。
 ア yellow イ green ウ white エ red オ black
 問8 下線部⑬について、あなた自身の答えとその理由を英語で書きなさい。語数の目安は15語以上とします。



受 験 番 号

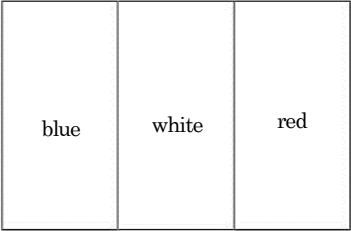
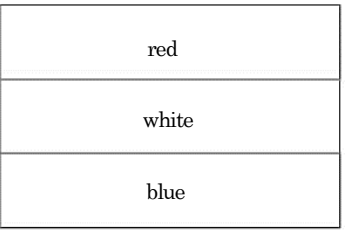
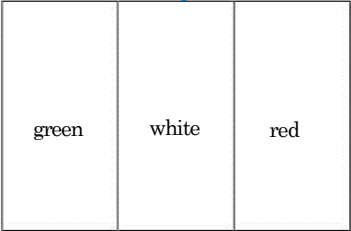
名 前

1	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)			
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)			
	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)			
2	(1)							
	(2) when he was young.							
	(3) It English.							
3	問1	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)		
	問2	I		II		問3		
4	(1)	ドル		(2)	時 分	(3)	時 分	
	(4)	通り		(5) 子ども :	人	みかん :	個	
5	問1	France		Netherlands		Italy		
		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 150px; height: 70px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 150px; height: 70px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 150px; height: 70px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>		
問2	A		B		C		D	
6	問1	①		⑥		⑧		⑫
	問2							
	問3	I			II			
	問4							
	問5							
	問6	⑤		⑦		⑨		⑪
	問7							
	問8							

受 験 番 号

名 前

1点・2点・3点

1	(1) イ	(2) エ	(3) ウ	(4) ア	(5) イ	
	(6) エ	(7) ア	(8) ウ	(9) ウ	(10) イ	
	(11) イ	(12) エ	(13) ウ	(14) ア	(15) エ	
2	(1) (We have never been to any foreign countries).					
	(2) (He was able to run fast) when he was young.					
	(3) It (is easy for her to speak) English.					
3	問1 (A) left	(B) right	(C) right	(D) left	(E) left	
	問2 I イ	II ウ	問3	ウ・エ (完答)		
4	(1) 105 ドル		(2) 3時 5分		(3) 9時 45分	
	(4) 6通り		(5) 子ども： 6 人 みかん： 22 個 (完答)			
5	問1	France 		Netherlands 		Italy 
	問2	A Honduras	B Singapore	C Turkey	D China	
6	問1	① called	⑥ longest	⑧ bigger	⑫ growing	
	問2	3 6 5				
	問3	I summer		II winter		
	問4	それぞれの季節は植物や動物にとって重要な変化をもたらします。				
	問5	イ・ウ (完答)				
	問6	⑤ 春分	⑦ 夏至	⑨ 秋分	⑩ 冬至	
	問7	ア・エ (完答)				
	問8	解答例 ※8点 I like summer the best because I was born in August. I often go camping and swimming in the sea with my family.				